

Animal Faces (pdf)

Use both hands together to draw the animal faces in the air.

Coordination, focus and gets children's brains ready to learn!

Choose I-5 animals as a I-minute brain break anytime during the day.



Bilateral Coordination in Children

What Is Bilateral Coordination?

Bilateral coordination is the ability to use both sides of the body together in a smooth and controlled way. Children use it every day. from holding paper with one hand while writing with the other, to catching a ball, cutting with scissors or getting dressed.

Why is it important?

Strong bilateral coordination supports learning, concentration and independence. One fun way to build this skill is through air drawing: using one or both hands to make big, flowing shapes in the air. Air drawing encourages children to cross the midline of their body, develop hand dominance, strengthen their non-dominant hand and practise symmetrical movements. It also provides a quick brain break that helps reset attention, connect the two sides of the brain and prepare children for focused learning.

Using One Hand (Air Drawing)

- Strengthens hand dominance by giving repeated practice with the preferred hand.
- Improves fine motor control and precision of movements.
- Encourages children to develop confidence in their chosen writing hand.
- Builds awareness of directionality (left-to-right, top-to-bottom) which supports early reading / writing.
- Helps children practice crossing the midline when one hand moves across the body.

Developing the Non-Dominant Hand

- Builds supporting hand strength for holding paper, stabilising tools and assisting tasks.
- Improves bilateral awareness knowing what both hands are doing at the same time.
- Increases flexibility and adaptability, useful for sports, instruments and daily life.
- Strengthens brain connections between hemispheres by practising with the less-preferred side.
- Supports coordination in two-handed tasks (e.g. cutting with scissors, tying shoelaces, using cutlery).

Using Both Hands Together (Air Drawing)

- Develops bilateral coordination the ability to use both sides of the body at the same time.
- Encourages symmetry in movement (drawing both sides of a shape / face evenly).
- Strengthens visual-motor integration by linking what the eyes see with what both hands do.
- Promotes body and spatial awareness, especially when arms cross the midline.
- Provides a calming, rhythmic movement that supports focus and regulation



Instructions

- 1. Stand or sit up tall.
- 2. Use your left hand, then right hand or both hands together to trace the shape of the animal face in the air.
- 3. Start with the biggest shape (circle/oval for face).
- 4. Add details (ears, whiskers, nose, eyes, etc.).
- 5. Do 3-4 slow repetitions.







































